

SECULAR VS. BIBLICAL COUNSELING

CONTRASTS	SECULAR	BIBLICAL
Goals	- To esteem self -To become a functioning member of society -To become self-sufficient	-To deny self -To develop holiness To become more like Christ
Approach	 -Many "schools" of Psychology with no consensus -No central focusNo absolutes -No acknowledgment of emotional problems caused by personal sin 	 Based on the direction, promises and concepts of God found in the Bible Values based upon what God values Emotional problems are really spiritual problems
Methods	-Client is to seek his own solution within himself and his abilities -Based on Man's ideas - relative value system -Often "non-directive"	-Solutions are in the resources found in a relationship with Christ -Based on God's ideas- absolute value system -Very directive, often confrontive
Qualifications of the Counselor	 "Professional Degrees" in Psychologyyou must see an "expert" -Understanding of Psychological principles -Clinical/professional relationship with "client" -Character of counselor is not important -No role modeling 	 Evidence of Godly wisdomseek counsel from a righteous Godly person -Understanding of God's truth -Life to life discipling relationship with "brother/sister" in Christ -Character is crucial -Modeling/imparting of life to life
Context for Counseling	 Primary context- Professional office Professional - client relationship Practice of psychological "therapy" No relationship outside of the office One-on-one isolated relationship Group therapy or self-oriented support groups Strive for independence and autonomy Responsible/accountable to self 	 Primary context - Local Church Intimate discipling relationship Practice of the "one another" commands of Scripture Ongoing "Body life" dynamic of the church Multiple relationships with godly mature believers Nurturing/accountable small group relationships Strive for interdependence and mutual submission Responsible/accountable to godly leadership in the context of the Christian community
View of God	 Atheistic or however you define him The "God in all of us" A "higher power" -Impersonal and-uninvolved 	 -Creator and sustainor of life as revealed in the Bible -God ordains man's life and all his circumstances -Involved in a very personal way

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View of Man Man's Purpose	 -No personal sinbasically good -Man is an animal, a product of evolution -Controlled by instincts or environment -To glorify himself -To become self-sufficient -To live for temporal pleasure 	 Totally depraved, sinful and evil Man is created individually/ uniquely by God Controlled by sin To glorify God To find his sufficiency in God and dependency upon Him To live for eternal, Kingdom purpose
Man's Responsibility	 -No personal responsibility/accountability -Autonomous - no concept of God's judgment -It is not man's fault -he is a victim therefore encouraging blame shifting -Self-centeredness encouraged in form of venting, anger, boundaries 	 -Man is responsible/accountable to God -Dependent - answer to man's problem is outside of himself - in God and His Word -Obedience to God and reliance upon Him produces positive results -Freedom comes through confession, repentance and forgiving others
Causes of Problems	Problems are defined as "disease" or "addiction" or result of environment -Parents/others who have victimized -Guilt or shame -Poor self-image	 Problems are caused by personal sin & the reality of living in a fallen world Not understanding the character of God Not understanding personal sin Not seeing one's need of Christ Not living by Biblical principles
View of Needs	 -Greatest need = to love self -Hierarchy of needs must be met -Self-esteem needs must be met -Self-fulfillment is a legitimate need -"Needs" are met through people and circumstances -Almost any desire can be classified as a "need" 	 -Greatest need = to love God -Very few legitimate "needs" -"Hierarchy of needs not necessary to be godly and mature -No "self-esteem" need -Physical needs of food and clothing provided by God in response to our obedience
View of Guilt	-Environmentally or self-induced -Sin rationalized -Result of mental "illness" or disease -Root problem that must be eliminated -Minimized or invalidated -Shock therapy to obliterate memory	 -Guilt is God-induced -Result of sin -Guilt is warning that one has transgressed God's law. -Guilt is resolved through facing one's sin and experiencing the provision of the Cross of Christ.
Means to Change	-Turn to self to build self-reliance -Build self-acceptance/self-love -Find freedom from moral restraint -Learn to ignore/deny sin -Use of mind-altering drugs	 -Turn to God in confession, brokenness and repentance -Depend on the power of the Holy Spirit -Rely on God's spiritual resources